## INTERNATIONAL

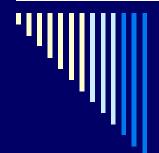


# TEST RESULTS CELEBRATE GIFTEDNESS

Kathleen Stone, Ph.D.

World Council for Gifted & Talented Children 2013 Conference – Louisville, Kentucky USA

August 10 – 14, 2013



#### WCGTC 2013 LOUISVILLE - PROGRAM ABSTRACT

# INTERNATIONAL TEST RESULTS CELEBRATE GIFTEDNESS Kathleen Stone, Ph.D

Giftedness can be celebrated through international test results. In political discourse and the news media, worldwide test comparisons and rankings generally refer to the OECD testing program of PISA (Program of International Student Achievement), administered globally to 15 year old students. Achievement in grades 4 and 8 are documented through the testing programs of TIMSS (Trends in Mathematics and Science Study) and PIRLS (Program in Reading Language Study). There was a unique opportunity in 2011 with the alignment of the TIMSS and PIRLS testing cycles, providing concurrent transnational results in math, science and literacy. Advanced achievement scores include total mean, ranking, and sub-score data based on 90th percentile and gender distribution, as well as international benchmarks and proficiency levels. Results for TIMSS and PIRLS provide valuable data interpretation in content and cognitive sub-scores, which can become a curriculum resource for promoting content balance which would best align with international standards.

This presentation provides an overview of the 2011 TIMSS and PIRLS and PISA 2009 test results across countries, with emphasis on sub-scores related to advanced achievement and gender disparity. High achievement in TIMSS and PIRLS can suggest the potential to predict PISA test results that generate subsequent power to support policy valuing advanced achievement. An in-depth analysis of TIMSS 2011 Math scores will be used to compare a representative sample of European and Asian countries, and illustrate the rich evidence in sub-score data available to promote discourse celebrating giftedness through advancing international achievement.



# **OBJECTIVES**

- Analyze and Compare PISA, TIMSS, PIRLS International Test Scores
- Review latest test achievement in Math, Science & Reading
- □ Compare 2011 Grade 4 TIMSS & PIRLS results
- Outline value of Subgroup
   Data in relation to Gifted

- □ Celebrate Advanced Achievement through Rank & 90<sup>th</sup> Percentile
- □ Use a transnational research sample to compare achievement across Europe and Asia
- Increase awareness of the value and cautions in using International Test Scores for discourse in Gifted Education Policy



### **PISA**

#### Program for International Student Assessment

2000 Reading **2009** 

2003 Math **2012** 

2006 Science 2015

**2009** – 65 Countries/

**Jurisdictions** 

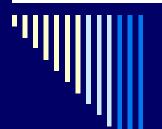
34 OECD & 31 Non-OECD Groups
OECD - Organization for Economic
Cooperation & Development

■ 15 Year-Olds

- Functional Skills At End of Mandatory Schooling
- □ APPLICATION of PROBLEM-SOLVING

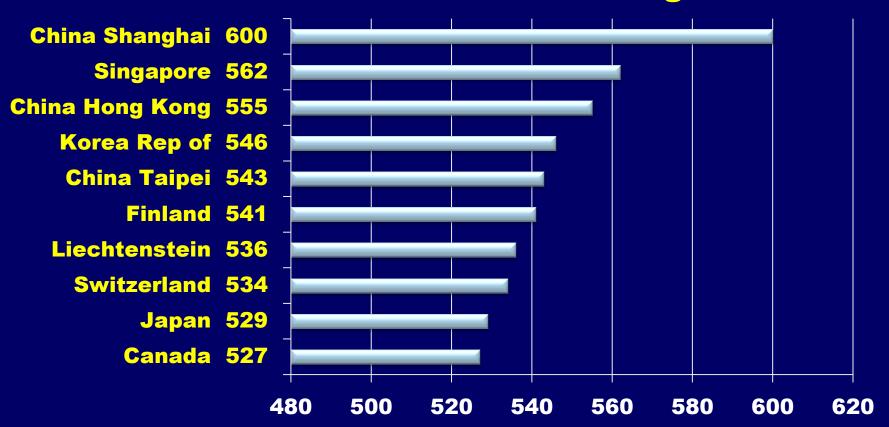
to real-life context.

- Scores: Combined& SUB-SCALES
- 90th Percentile Scores
- □ PROFICIENCY LEVELS 1 6
- **□ GENDER Differences**
- □ Race/Ethnicity
- PISA "Effect" Indirect but Influential Tool of Education



# MATH - PISA Rank 1 - 10

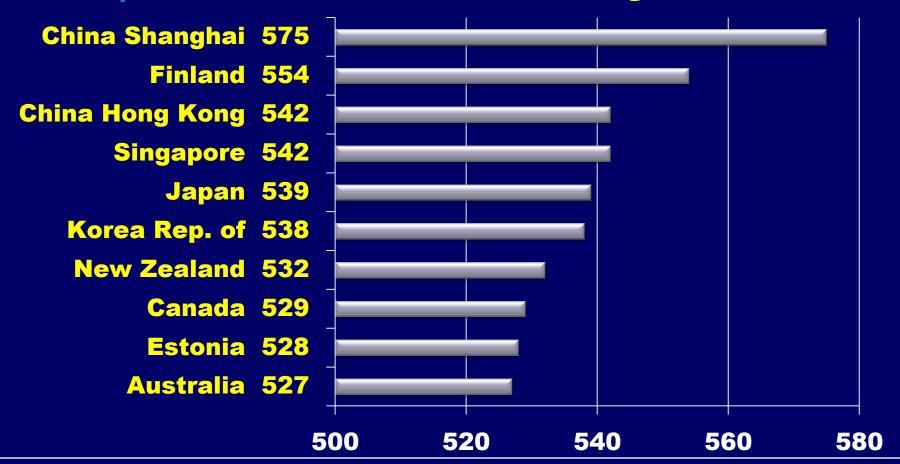
#### **PISA 2009 MATH – Age 15**





## SCIENCE - PISA Rank 1-10

PISA 2009 SCIENCE – Age 15





### **READING - PISA Rank 1-10**

PISA 2009 READING – Age 15





# TIMSS/11 Trends in International TM4-8 TS4-8 Math & Science Study

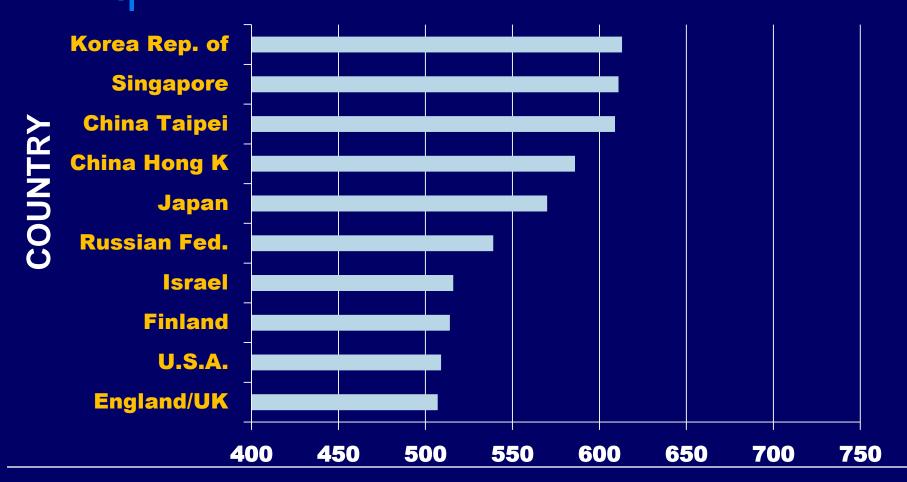
- □ 1995 1999 2003 **2007** 
  - 2011 (Pub. Dec. 2012)
- Every 4 Years
- ☐ Gr. 4 52 Countries
- ☐ Gr. 8 45 Countries
- 150-200 Schools
- 600,000 Students
- Approx. 4,000 Per Country
- MATH & SCIENCE
- □ 90+% Percentile Score
- International Benchmarks % Advanced (625) High (550)
- □ IEA Intl. Assn. for Evaluation of Educational Achievement

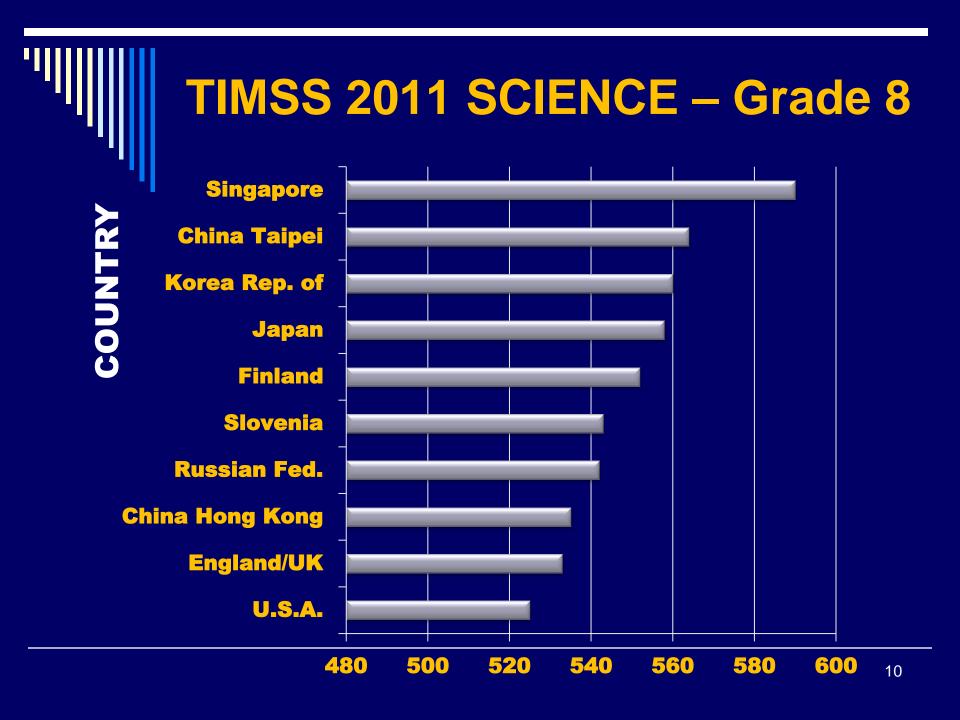
- Multiple Choice 50-51%
- □ Constructed Response 49-50%
- **□ CONTENT & COGNITIVE Domains**
- □ Grade 8 Math (Includes Algebra)
- **□ GENDER Comparison**
- Race/EthnicityAsian, White, Hispanic, Black
- School POVERTY LevelRelated to Achievement
- □ TRENDS (Cohort 2007 Gr. 4, 2011 Gr. 8)
- TIMSS & PIRLS International Study Center Lynch School of Educ. Boston College

http://timss.bc.edu/TIMSS2007/intl\_reports.html



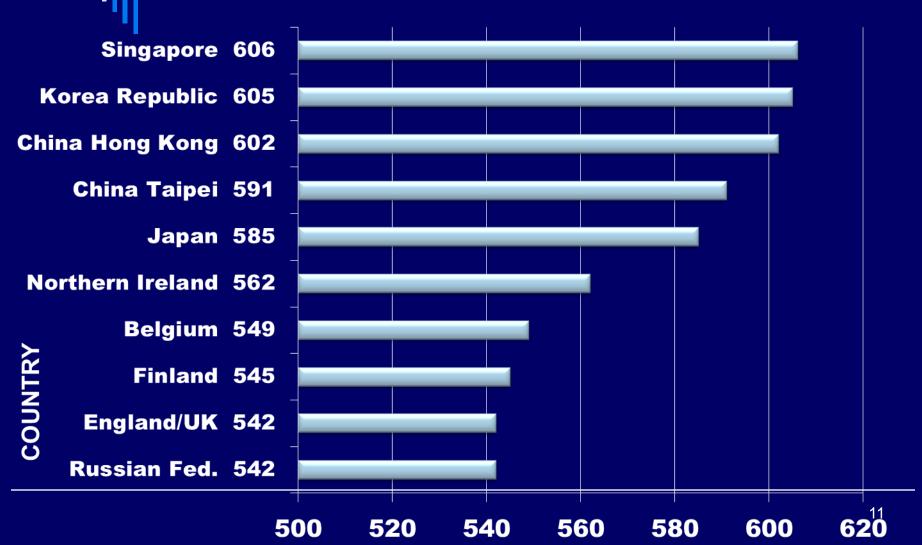
### TIMSS 2011 MATH - Grade 8

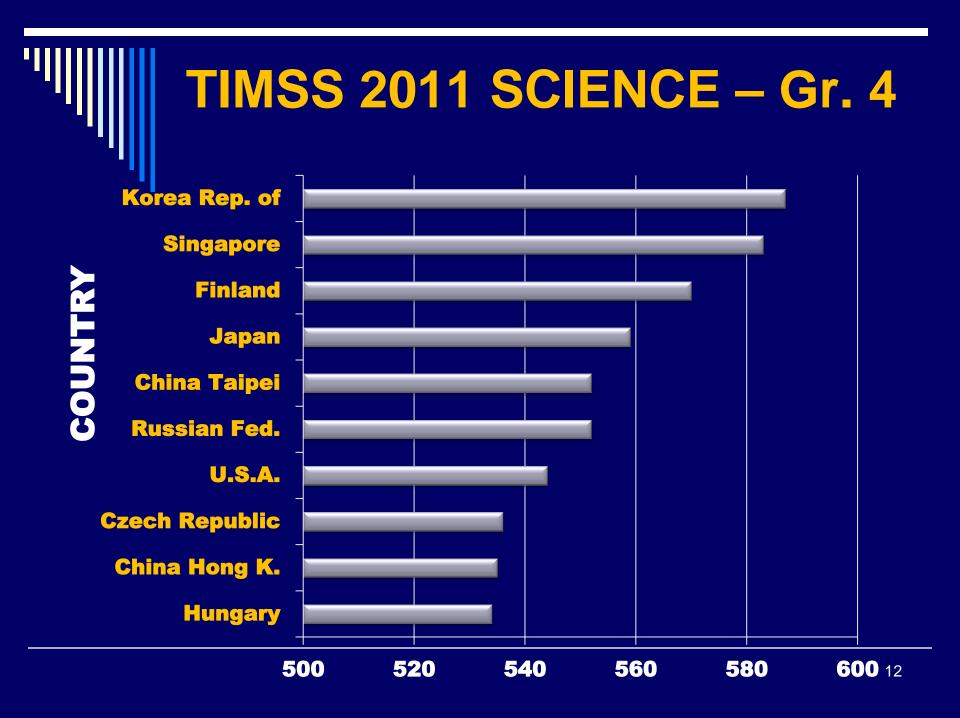






### TIMSS 2011 MATH - Grade 4







# PIRLS Progress in International

Reading Literacy Study

2006 <u>2011</u> GRADE 4

**Every 5 Years 2011 – 45 Countries** 

+9 Benchmarking Regions

**Pre-PIRLS** (End Primary) 3 Countries

COMBINED READING SUB-SCALES:

**Literary Informational** 

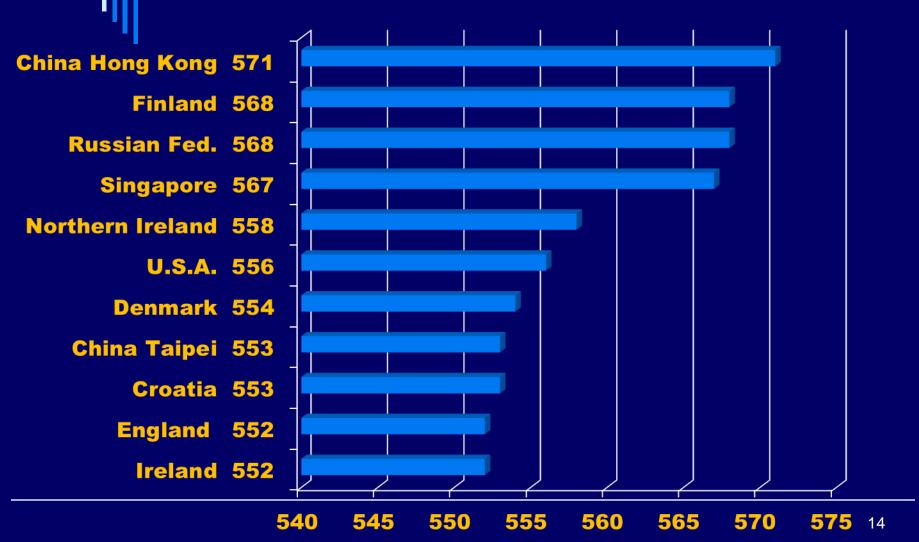
4,000 Students - 150-200 Schools Total Students - 325,000 INTERNATIONAL BENCHMARKS:

**ADVANCED** (625) **HIGH** (550)

- GENDER Female Higher (Gap higher for Literacy)
- RACE/ETHNICITY
- Reading Literacy Survey
- School Characteristics
- Instructional Practice
- □ Teacher Preparation
- Home Survey



#### PIRLS 2011 READING - Gr. 4



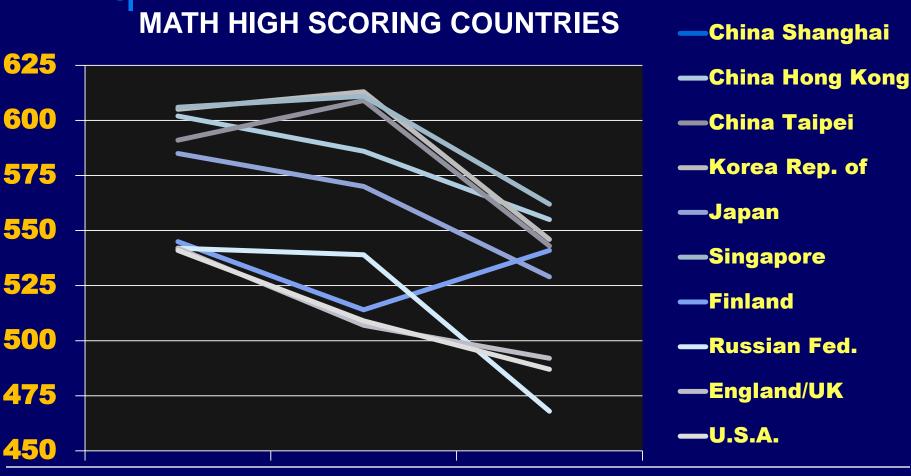


TIMSS 4

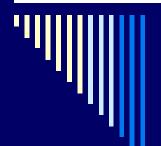
# MATH – High Score Pattern TIMSS Higher Than PISA

**PISA 15** 

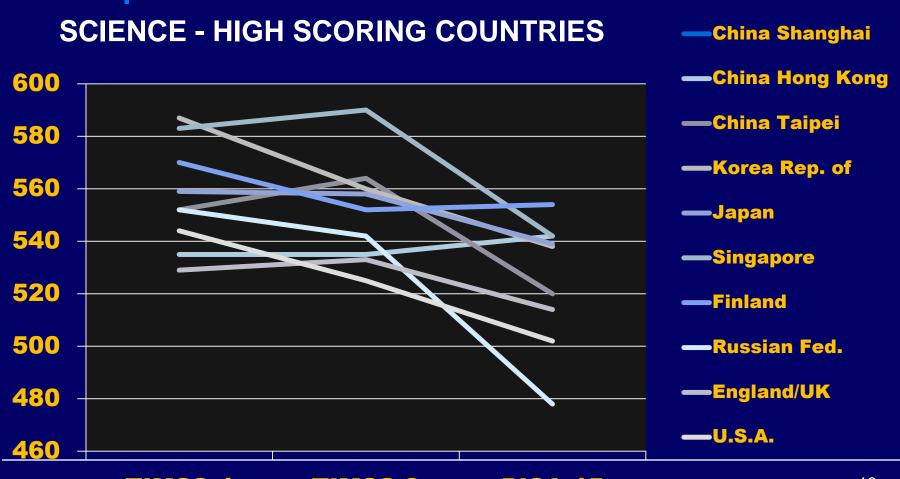
15



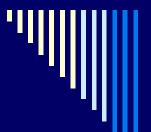
TIMSS 8



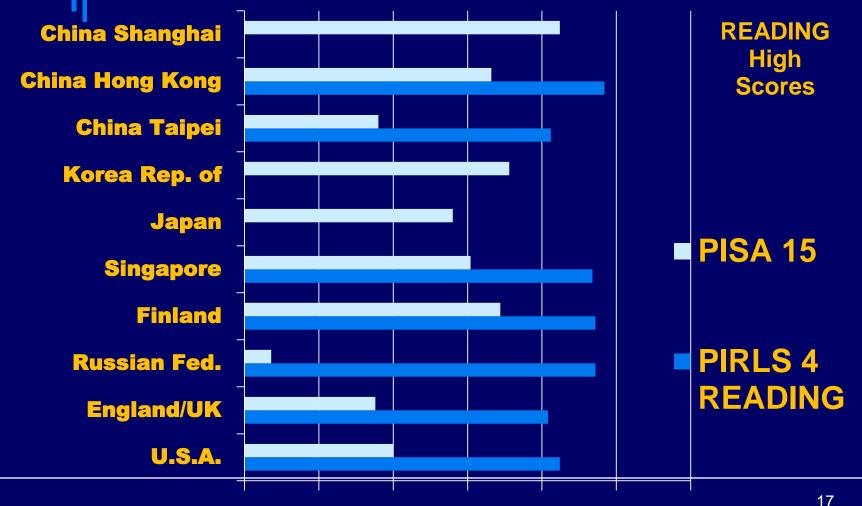
# SCIENCE - High Score Pattern TIMSS Higher Than PISA



16

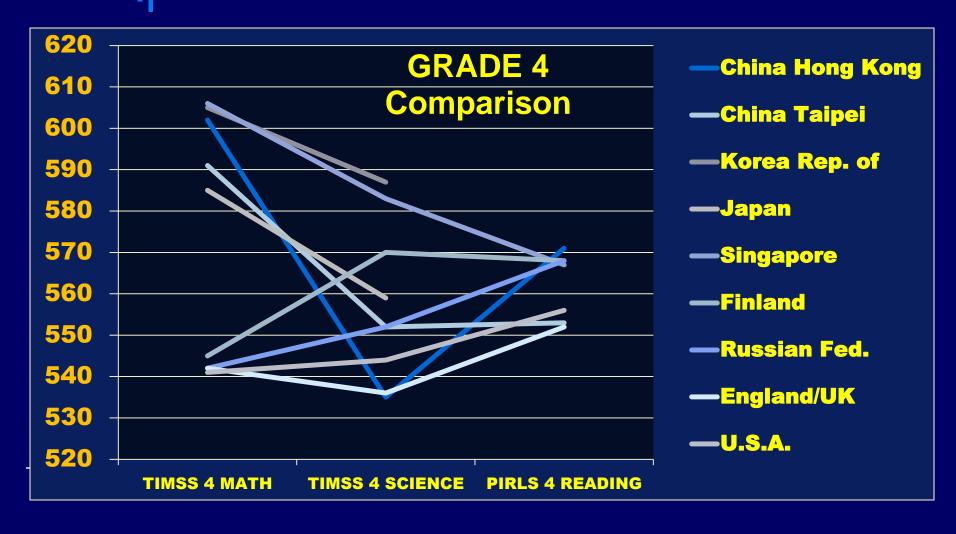


### **READING - High Score Pattern PIRLS Higher Than PISA**





# 2011 - GRADE 4 TIMSS & PIRLS Unique Comparison Year





# TIMSS MATH <u>SURVEY</u>

#### **HOME ENVIRONMENT**

- Home Resources
- Books in Home
- Own Room / Internet
- □ Parent Educ/Occupation
- Speak Language of Test
- Parent Expectations
- Student Expectations
- □ Early Numeracy

#### **SCHOOL RESOURCES**

- Location 100,000+
- □ SES 25% Affluent
- □ Sch. Test Lang. 90+%
- Teacher Conditions
- Math Vacancies Filled
- □ Size School Library
- Computers Available



### **TIMSS MATH Survey**

#### **SCHOOL CLIMATE**

- Emphasis Academic Principal & Teacher
- □ Safe/Orderly School
- School Discipline
- School Safety
- Less Bullying

#### **TEACHER MATH ED**



- □ Postgrad/BA Degree
- Major Math/Math Ed.
- 10+ Years Experience
- □ Prof Dev. Math Content
- Teacher Well-Prepared
- Teacher Confident Math
- □ Capable to Challenge
- □ Teacher Career Satisfy



# TIMSS MATH Survey

- □ Students Engage in Math
- Math Prerequisite Skills
- DN Lack Nutrition / Sleep
  - □ Disruptive Students
  - Uninterested Student
  - Math Texts/Workbooks
  - Math Concrete Objects
  - □ Computer Software
  - Whole Class/Guidance
  - □ Hours of Homework

- **CLASS INSTRUCTION**
- □ Like & Value Math
- Stud. Confident Math
- Math Time Hrs/Year
- □ Taught TIMSS Topic
- Teacher Collaborate
- Instruction Engages
- Math to Daily Life



### TIMSS 2011 MATH Survey

# TIMSS INCLUDES SIGNIFICANT MATH DATA & INSIGHTS

□ East Asia
Top-Performers in
TIMSS Math

- 4<sup>th</sup> Grade More Improved
- 8<sup>th</sup> Grade More Declined
- Very High % East Asia reach Math International Benchmarks
- More Strength in Knowing Math than Applying and Reasoning
- □ Early Start Crucial in Developing Math Achievement
- Home Resources Strongly Relate to Math Achievement

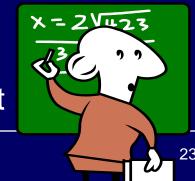


### **TIMSS 2011 MATH Survey**

- Instruction Affected by Students Lacking in Basic Nutrition & Sleep
- Successful Schools:
   Well-resourced
   Stress Academic Success
   Safe & Orderly Environment
- □ Teacher Preparation/Career Satisfaction relate to Higher Mathematics Achievement

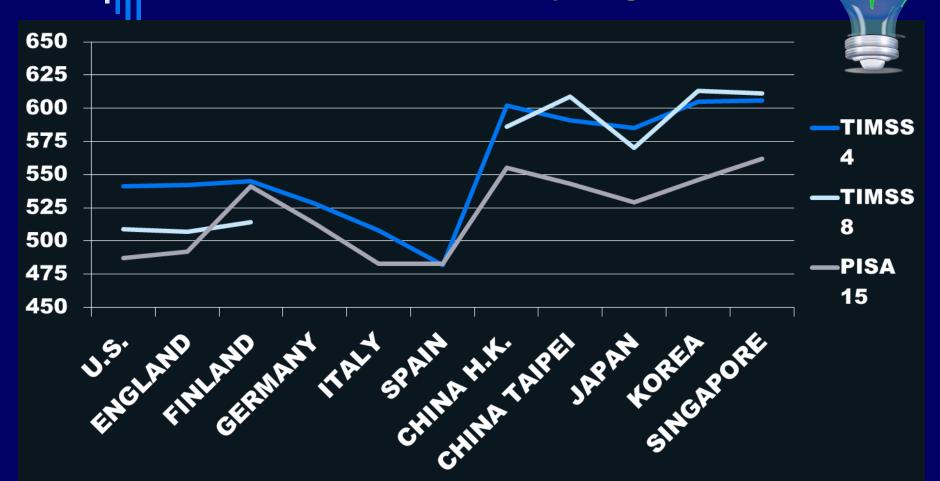
- Students with Positive
   Attitudes Toward Math
   have Higher Achievement
- Less Positive at Grade 8
- More Time for Math
   Instruction Teaching Math
   as Separate Subject
- □ Engaging Instruction
  Related to

Higher Math Achievement



### **MATH - TIMSS & PISA**

**ASIA Consistently High** 

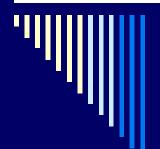




# ADVANCED ACHIEVEMENT FACTORS - MATHEMATICS

- Number of Tests TIMSS, PISA (Some Only PISA)
- Years of Participation in Testing
- Country Comparisons Europe 50 EU 27
- CONTENT Domain Number, Algebra, Geometry, Data
- **COGNITIVE Domain:** Knowing, Applying, Reasoning
- ☐ Grade 4, Grade 8, Age 15 (Application)
- □ Gender, 90+ Percentile, Advanced Benchmarks
- □ Levels of Proficiency (1 6)
- Trends over Multiple Years of Testing
- TIMSS 4 TIMSS 8 PISA 15 2011 2011 2009

  MATH Mean Range 515- 606 475- 613 501-600



#### VALUABLE SUBGROUP DATA

**TIMSS** 2011

PISA 2012

- INTERNATIONAL **BENCHMARKS**
- PERCENTILE **DISTRIBUTION**



- □ CONTENT DOMAIN
- □ COGNITIVE DOMAIN
- **GENDER**
- TRENDS
- SURVEYS

- PROFICIENCY **LEVELS 1 - 6**
- **PERCENTILE DISTRIBUTION**
- □ PROBLEM-**SOLVING**
- **GENDER**
- TRENDS
- **□ SURVEYS**



# TIMSS 2011 INTERNATIONAL BENCHMARKS

# MATH 4 NUMBER, GEOMETRY, DATA

- □ LOW (400) "DEMONSTRATE"
- INTERMEDIATE (475) "EXTEND"
- ☐ HIGH (550) "SOLVE, INTERPRET, USE"

APPLY knowledge and understanding to solve problems.

□ ADVANCED (625) "ORGANIZE"

APPLY understanding & knowledge in variety of relatively complex situations & explain reasoning.

#### MATH 8

**NUMBER, ALGEBRA, GEOMETRY, DATA** 

- □ LOW (400) " some knowledge"
- □ INTERMEDIATE (475) "DEMONSTRATE"
- ☐ HIGH (550) "APPLY, WORK, USE, SOLVE"

APPLY understanding & knowledge in variety of relatively complex situations.

□ ADVANCED (625) "APPLY, SOLVE"

Organize & draw conclusions from information, make generalizations, & SOLVE non-routine problems



# POSSIBLE TRANSNATIONAL RESEARCH SAMPLES

EAST ASIA FIVE DRAGONS	G8 COUNTRIES	SCANDINAVIA	P.I.I.G.S.	OTHER GROUPS?
CHINA - Shanghai	JAPAN	FINLAND	PORTUGAL	WESTERN
SINGAPORE	CANADA	ICELAND	ITALY	EUROPE
CHINA Hong Kong	GERMANY	DENMARK	IRELAND	EASTERN
KOREA Rep. of	FRANCE	NORWAY	GREECE	EUROPE
CHINA - TAIPEI	ENGLAND/ UK	SWEDEN	SPAIN	MID-EAST
JAPAN	USA		The state of the s	S. AMER.
	ITALY			C. AMER.
	RUSSIAN FED	pininit = 1		AFRIĈA

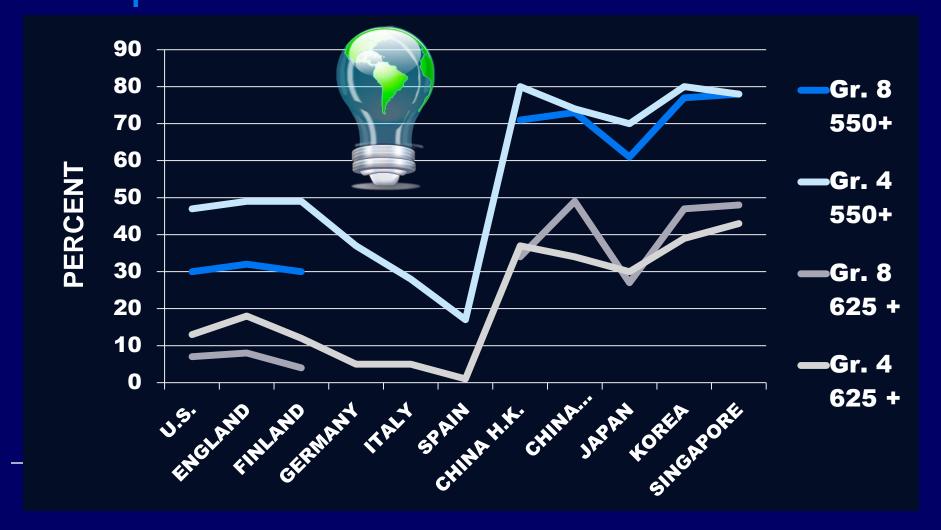


# PISA – MATH – 3 TEST Sample G8 COUNTRY COMPARISON

Country	2003	Rank	2006	Rank	2009	Rank
Canada	533	7	527	7	527	10
France	511	16	495	23	497	22
Germany	503	19	504	19	513	16
Italy	466	30	462	<b>36</b>	483	34
Japan	534	6	523	10	529	9
Russ. Fed.	468	<b>29</b>	476	33	468	38
U.K.	-	-	495	23	492	28
U.S.A.	483	<b>27</b>	474	35	487	<b>31</b>



# TIMSS 2011 MATH Gr. 4 & 8 % International Benchmarks





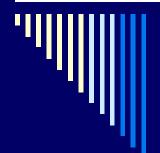
### **PISA** - MATH PROFICIENCY LEVELS

PRO LEV	SCORE RANGE	TASK DESCRIPTIONS
1	358 - 419	□ Answers questions involving familiar contexts where all relevant information is present & questions are clearly defined. Uses routine procedures with direct instruction.
2	420 - 481	□ Interpret & recognize situations in contexts that require no more than direct inference. Can employ basic algorithms, formula, procedures or conventions, with direct reasoning
3	482 - 544	□ Executes clearly described procedures, including sequential decisions. Select, apply simple problem-solving strategies. Interpret & use representations & reason from them.
4	545 - 606	□ Works with explicit models for complex concrete situations. Selects & integrates symbolic representations, linking to real-world. Utilize well-developed skills & reasoning
5	607 <b>–</b> 668	□ Develop & work with models for complex situations. Select, compare, evaluate using problem-solving strategies for complex problems. Well-developed thinking & reasoning skills, appropriate representations, symbolic & formal characterizations, with insight.
6	669+	□ Conceptualize, generalize, and utilize information based on investigations & modeling of complex problem situations. Link different sources & flexibly translate between them. □ Capable of advanced mathematical thinking & reasoning. Apply insight & understanding along with mastery of symbolic & formal math operations/relationships.

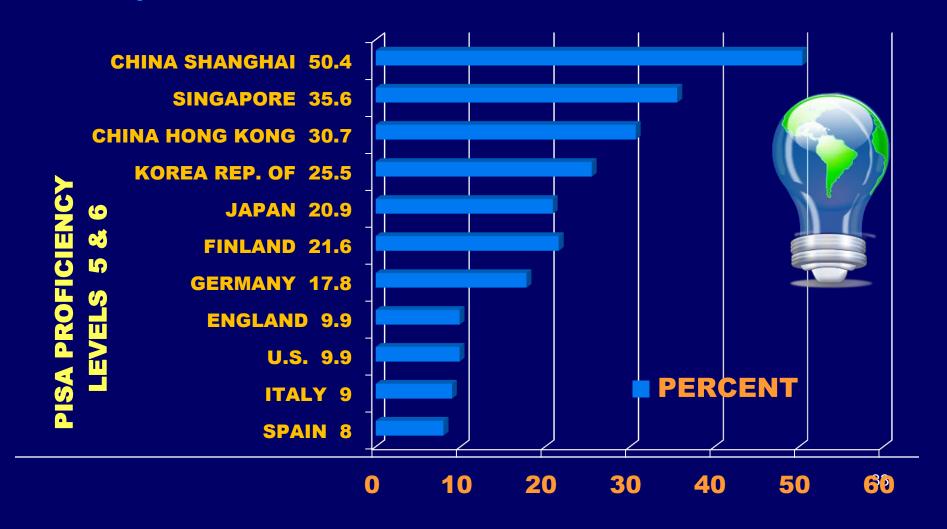
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### PISA Proficiency Levels 5 & 6

NON-EUROPE	%	WESTERN EUROPE	%	EASTERN EUROPE	%
China Hong Kong	30.7	Austria	12.9	Czech Rep. *	11.7
China Macao	17.1	Belgium	20.4	Hungary *	10.1
China Shanghai	50.4	Finland	21.6	Kazakhstan	1.2
China Taipei	28.5	France G8	13.7	Latvia	<b>5.7</b>
JAPAN G8*	20.9	Germany G8	17.8	Lithuania	7.0
Korea, Rep.*	25.5	Ireland	6.7	Poland	10.4
Singapore (	35.6	Italy G8	9.0	Russian Fed. G8	<b>5.3</b>
		Liechtenstein	18.0		
OTHER ==		Netherlands	19.8	OTHER	
Australia	16.4	Portugal	9.6	Greece	<b>5.7</b>
Canada	18.3	Spain	8.0	Israel	5.9
New Zealand	18.9	Switzerland	24.1	Serbia	3.5
U.S.A.	9.9	United Kingdom	9.9	Turkey	32 <b>5.7</b>



# PISA 2009 - MATH Proficiency Levels 5 & 6 - %





# CONTENT DOMAINS MATH Sub-Score Data

TIMSS4 TIMSS8

□ **NUMBER** 50% 30%

□ ALGEBRA 30%

GEOMETRY/MEAS. 35% 20%

**DATA/PROB.** 15% 20%

CONTENT DOMAIN % on test items can be a resource to BALANCE distribution in Standards.

<u>PISA</u>

Number 38%

□ Algebra 8% (Lower)

■ Measurement 9%

☐ Geometry 14%

Data 31% (Higher)



**CONTENT BALANCE %** 

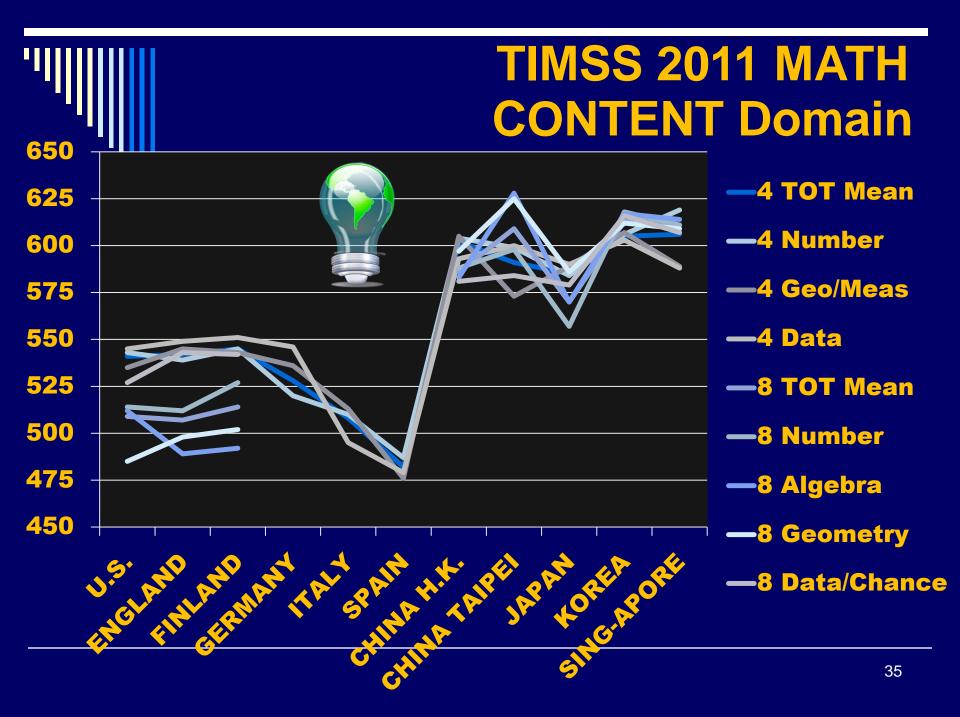
outlined in a Country's

Curriculum Standards in Grades
4 and 8 may not correlate with

% of Content used in test items.

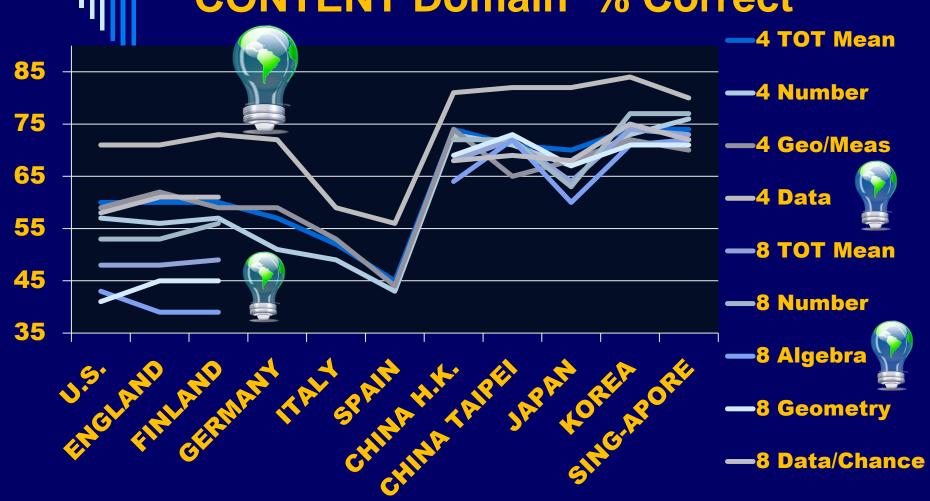


(Wu 2009)





# TIMSS 2011 MATH CONTENT Domain % Correct





# TIMSS 2011 MATH GRADE 4 GRADE 8

#### **COGNITIVE DOMAIN**

■ Knowing 40%

□ Applying 40%

□ Reasoning 20%

☐ Higher Order Thinking Skills!!!

□ Bloom's Taxonomy

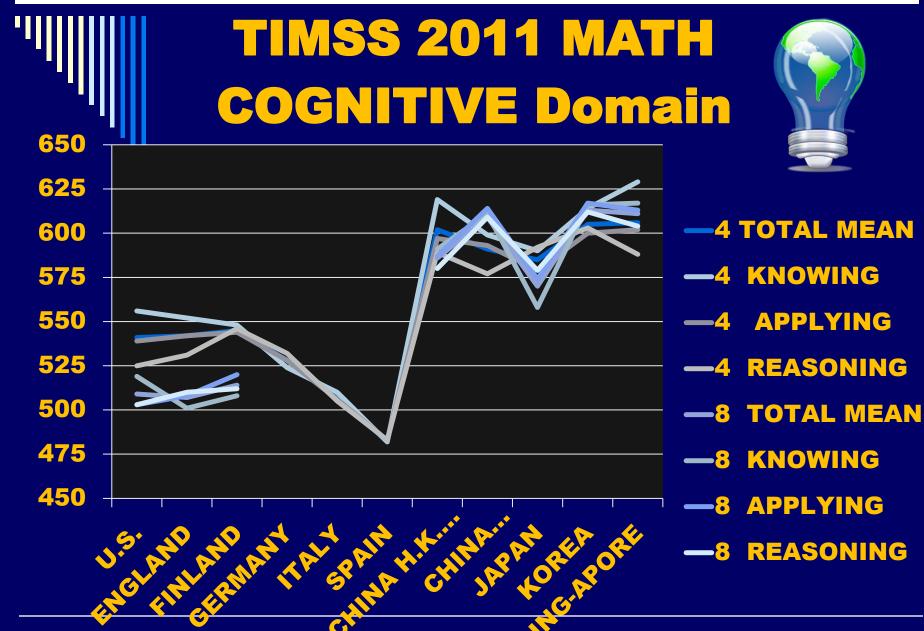
#### **COGNITIVE DOMAIN**

□ Knowing 35%

□ Applying 40%

□ Reasoning 25%





#### TIMSS 2011 MATH **COGNITIVE** % 90 4 TOTAL % 80 **KNOWING** 70 **APPLYING** 60 **REASONING 50** 40 8 TOTAL % 30 **8 KNOWING** 20 **APPLYING** 10 0 40REA PORE **REASONING** JAPAN



# **GENDER - TIMSS MATH 2011**

TREND: Few Decreases in Existing Gender Gaps

**GRADE 4 – 50 COUNTIRES** 

LITTLE ACHIEVEMENT
DIFFERENCE BETWEEN
GIRLS (490) & BOYS (491)

CARGER
DIFFERENCE
GIRLS (469)

**26 NO SIGNIFICANT DIFFERENCE** 

**20 SMALL DIFFERENCE BOYS+** 

4 RELATIVELY LARGER
DIFFERENCE FAVORING GIRLS
Qatar, Thailand, Oman, Kuwait,
United Arab Emirates

**GRADE 8 – 42 COUNTIRES** 

LARGER GENDER
DIFFERENCES FAVOR
GIRLS (469) – BOYS (465)

22 NO SIGNIFICANT DIFFERENCE

**7 SMALL DIFFERENCE BOYS+** 

13 DIFFERENCES FAVOR GIRLS
(Middle East Arabic-Speaking)
Qatar, Oman, Kuwait, Abu Dhabi,
UAE, Palestinian National
Authority, Jordan, Bahrain, Oman

40

**SOURCE: IEA (TIMSS) 2011** 



### **MATH - GENDER Variance**

### **PISA** 2009

How do girls compare to boys in mathematics skills?

- In 35 out of 65 countries, boys score significantly higher in math than girls.
- Boys have substantial score advantage of 20-33 Points:

Belgium, Chile, Switzerland, U.K. USA, Colombia, Liechtenstein.

- 4 out of 6 Highest Countries Little or no gender difference in math.
- □ Girls Level 6 At least 10%
  Chinese Taipei, Singapore, China Shanghai

#### **POLICY RELEVANCE**

- Increase Motivation & Accelerated MATH Opportunities for FEMALES
- Decrease in GENDER variance may increase MATH test scores.
- □ FEMALE or MALE MATH score differences support evidence for realistic goal of GENDER EQUITY.
- Evidence that Females have Math ability equal to math achievement of Males.

(OECD 2010) 41



# 90<sup>TH</sup> PERCENTILE - PISA MATH 2009 90% = Significant G/T Policy Evidence



#### **ASIA**

- ☐ CHINA-SHANGHAI 726
- ☐ SINGAPORE 693
- JAPAN 648
- 90% Score can be used as DATA to support G/T Programming and Advanced MATH Curriculum.

#### WESTERN EUROPE/U.S.

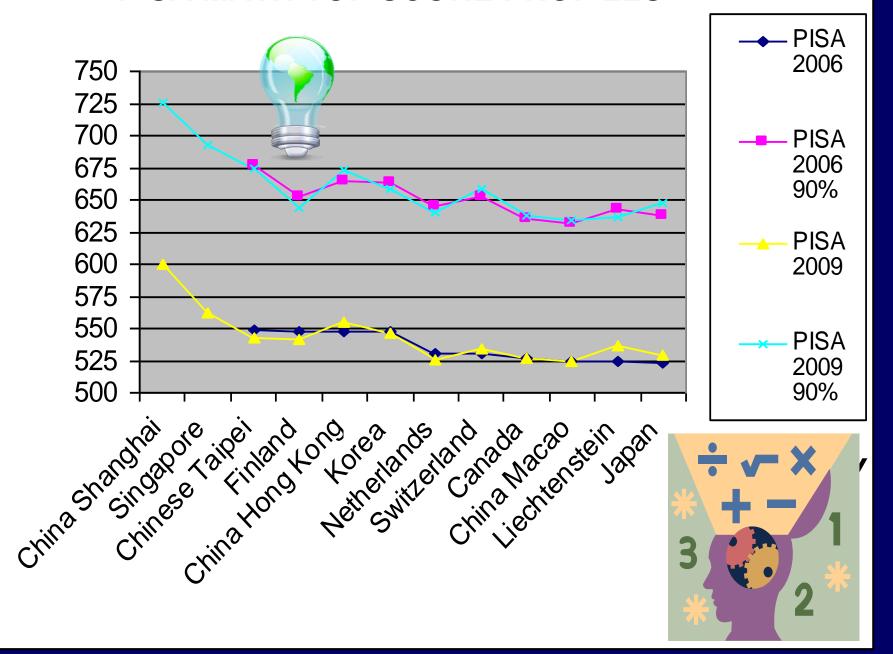
- □ SWITZERLAND 658
- □ BELGIUM 646
- ☐ FINLAND 644
- □ U.K. 606
- **□** U.S. 607

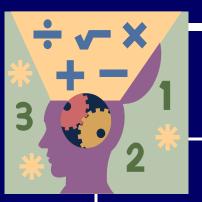
#### **EASTERN EUROPE**

- □ CZECH REP. 615
- □ POLAND 609

- Increase in 90% MATH Score can be factor in raising the mean score for the country.
- 90% MATH Score comparisons can be used as support for policy for Advanced MATH and CONTENT BALANCE in curriculum development.

#### PISA MATH TOP SCORE PROFILES





# **PISA MATH 2009 FINDINGS**

(OECD 2010)

<b>How Countries Perform</b>
in Mathematics Overall

What Students Can Do in Mathematics? \*OECD

- □ China Shanghai and Singapore much higher
- □ OECD Average: ½ 1

**Proficiency Level above:** 

Canada, Finland, Japan,

Korea, Netherlands,

**Switzerland, Hong Kong** 

**Chinese Taipei, Macao** 

China, Liechtenstein

- □ Wider range of scores in math than reading.
- ☐ East Asian show largest advantage over others.

#### **Proficiency Levels 5 & 6**

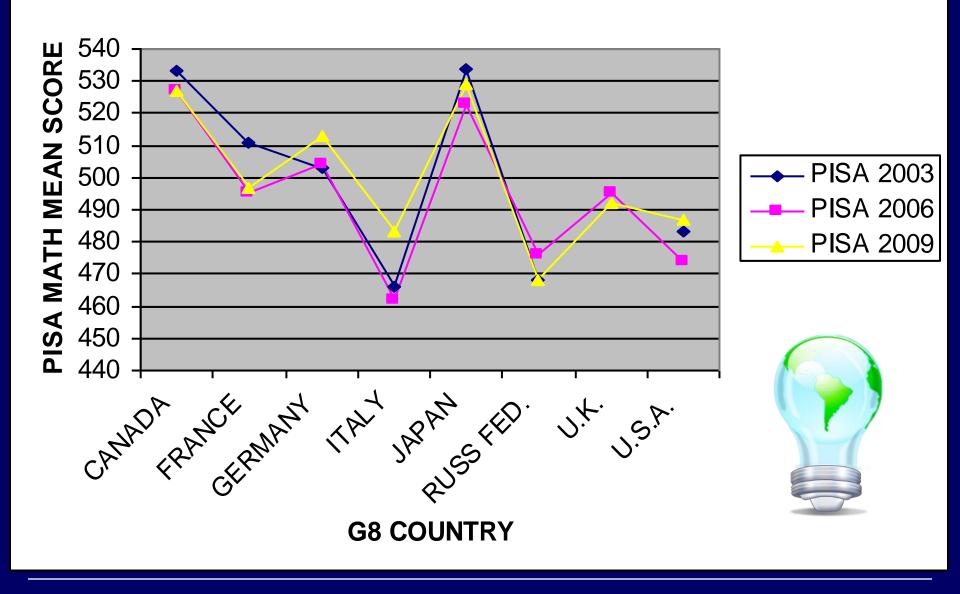
- □ OECD Avg. 1 in 8 13%
- □ Korea\* (OECD High) 26%
- □ Chinese Taipei 29%
- ☐ Hong Kong 31%
- □ Singapore 36%

**Proficiency Level 6** 

- ☐ OECD Avg. 3%
- □ Korea\* 8%
- □ Switzerland\* 8%
- □ Singapore 16%
- □ Shanghai China 27%



#### **PISA MATH TREND - 3 TEST CYCLES**





# PISA MATH TRENDS 2003 – 2009

(OECD 2010)

# IMPROVED 8 Countries

- Improved in 8
- ☐ 7 of 8 countries showing better performance still well below OECD Average

Italy, Portugal, Greece Mexico, Turkey, Brazil, Tunisia

- Mexico (+33), Brazil (+30) largest improvement
- ☐ Significant improvement among lowest-performing students: Mexico, Turkey
- □ **Germany** improved to above-average levels.

# UNCHANGED 22 Countries

Mean remained unchanged across 28OECD countries.

NOTE: PISA 2003 provides results in MATH that were measured with more precision than PISA 2006 and PISA 2009, since the PISA 2003 MATH focus devoted more testing time to Mathematics. Changes are reported where they are statistically significant.

# **DECLINED**9 OECD Countries

- □ 8 of 9 who declined had been at or above 2003 OECD average
- □ Netherlands: Drop of 12 points but remains among highest-scoring countries.
- □ Drop in score but still aboveOECD average: Australia,Belgium, Denmark, Iceland
- □ Drop from above-average to OECD average: Czech Rep., France, Sweden
- ☐ Ireland: Drop from OECD Average to below average.



# MATH G/T POLICY - Data Evidence

### **TIMSS**



### **PISA**

#### <u>TIMSS</u>

19951999 2003 2007 2011

- □ Results of TIMSS 2011 Testing Released Dec. 2012
- 90th PERCENTILE Data
- ADVANCED INTERNATIONAL BENCHMARKS Data
- CONTENT Domains
- COGNITIVE Domains
- GENDER Sub-Scales in each test cycle provide data as evidence for MATH differences.

PISA 2000R 2003M 2006S 2009R 2012M

- □ MATH Subgroup Data
- □ PISA **2003** and **2012** are test cycles with special focus & in-depth analyses in **MATH.**
- □ Results of PISA 2012 testing will provide extensive analyses in MATH.
- ☐ GENDER -

PISA Math Sub-Scales provide data supporting MATH differences.

□ PROFICIENCY LEVELS 1-6 can be reviewed in future MATH curriculum development for high achievement.



# TIMSS 2011 SCIENCE DOMAINS GRADE 4 GRADE 8

#### **CONTENT DOMAIN**

□ Life Science 45%

□ Physical Science 35%

□ Earth Science 20%

#### **COGNITIVE DOMAIN**

■ Knowing 40%

□ Applying 40%

□ Reasoning 20%



☐ Biology 35%

□ Chemistry 20%

□ Physics 25%

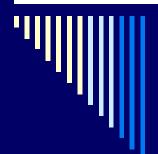
□ Earth Science 20%

#### **COGNITIVE DOMAIN**

□ Knowing 35%

□ Applying 35%

□ Reasoning 30%



# **SCIENCE SURVEY**

### MATH ITEMS - REPEATED in SCIENCE

### TIMSS 2011 International Results in Science (2012)

- □ Chapter 4 Home Environment Support
  - for Science Achievement
- Chapter 5 School Resources for Teaching Science
- Chapter 6 School Climate
- □ Chapter 7 Teacher Preparation
- □ Chapter 8 Classroom Instruction



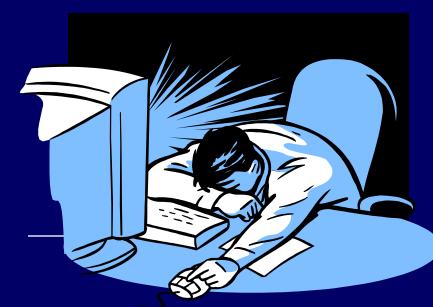


## **TIMSS 2011 SCIENCE SURVEY**

# INCLUDES SIGNIFICANT SCIENCE DATA



- More Strength in Knowing than Applying Scientific Knowledge and Reasoning
- Home Resources Strongly
   Relate to Science Achievement
- Instruction Affected by Students Lacking in Basic Nutrition & Sleep





# TIMSS 2011 SCIENCE SURVEY



- Schools Well- resourced
- Academic Success Orientation
- Emphasize Safe & Order
- □ Teacher Prep & Career
   Satisfaction relate to Higher
   Science Achievement
- Students with Positive Attitudes
   Toward Science have Higher
   Achievement -

(Less Positive - Grade 8)

- More Time for Science Instruction Teaching Science as Separate Subjects
- □ Engaging InstructionRelated to HigherScience Achievement
- Science TeachersEmphasize Science

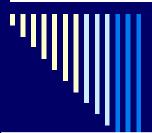
# PIRLS 2011 - GRADE 4 READING SUB-SCORES

READING PURPOSES

- LITERARY
- INFORMATION A
- GENDER
- DIFFERENCES

READING COMPREHENSION PROCESSES

- RETRIEVING
- INTERPRETING
- **GENDER DIFFERENCES**



# **PIRLS**

# **Progress in International Reading Literacy Study**

	ASSESSMENT ITEMS	Multiple Choice	Constructed Response	TOTAL	%
READING	Literary Experience	40	32	72	<b>52</b> %
PURPOSE	Acquire & Use Info	34	29	63	48%
	TOTAL (% OF SCORE)	74 (43%)	61 (57%)	135	100%
	Focus On & Retrieve Explicitly Stated Info	21	12	33	22%
READING	Make Straightforward Inferences	33	13	46	28%
PROCESS	Interpret & Integrate Ideas & Information	10	28	38	37%
	Examine & Evaluate Content, Language, & Textual Elements	10	8	18	13%
	TOTAL (% OF SCORE)	74 (43%)	61 (57%)	135	<b>100%</b> 53



# PIRLS READING SURVEY

### **READING ITEMS PARALLEL TO MATH**

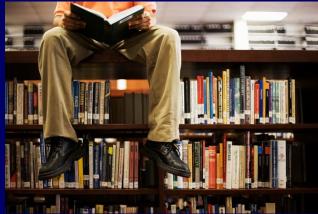
PIRLS 2011 International Results in Reading (2012)

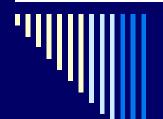
Chapter 4 - Home Environment Support for READING Achievement

Chapter 5 - School Resources for Teaching

#### **READING**

- Chapter 6 School Climate
- Chapter 7 Teacher Preparation
- Chapter 8 Classroom Instruction





# **PIRLS 2011 READING RESULTS**

"I PIRLS
INCLUDES
SIGNIFICANT
READING DATA



- Top-Performing: Hong Kong, Russian Fed., Finland, Singapore, N. Ireland, U.S.A.
- More Increase than DecreaseOver Past Decade
- Little Reduction in Gender Gap Average:

**Girls** (520) Boys (504)

- ☐ High Percentage Reach PIRLS International Benchmarks
- More Economic Affluence
- □ Speak Language of Instruction



# PIRLS 2011 READING SURVEY Higher READING Achievement

- □ Top Countries Relative Strength Interpreting, Integrating, Evaluating Comprehension Skills
- PURPOSE & PROCESS!!
- Supportive Home
   Environment & Early
   Start Crucial in
   Development
- Schools AreWell-resourced

- Successful Schools
   Emphasize Academic
   Success and Have Safe &
   Ordering Environments
- □ Teacher Education/Career Satisfaction Related to Higher Reading Achievement
- □ Positive Reading Attitudes
- Engaging Reading Instruction
- Basic Nutrition and Sleep



# PISA 2009 REPORTING (OECD 2011)

#### STRONG PERFORMERS

#### **FINLAND**



- Slow and Steady Reform for Consistently High Results
- Exceptional Teacher Quality

#### **GERMANY**



- Once Weak International Standing Prompts Strong Nationwide Reforms for Rapid Improvement
- Reduce influence of socioeconomic background on student achievement

#### **SUCCESSFUL REFORMERS**

VIGNETTES ON EDUCATION REFORMS

#### **ENGLAND**



- □ Tackling Teacher Shortages
- Encouraging Science & Math Teachers

#### **POLAND**



- Secondary Education Reform
- □ Structural reforms of late 90's

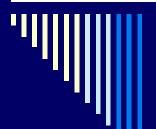
Remarkable Turnaround



# CHINA-SHANGHAI - PISA 2009 Noteworthy Achievement (Dillon 2010

- Math 600 Singapore 562
- □ Reading 556 Korea 539
- □ Science 575 Finland 554
- Industrial Powerhouse
- China's Rapid Modernization
- □ 20 Million Residents
- "Chinese relentless at accomplishing goals."
- "Accuracy of results unassailable."
- Modern Universities
- Magnet for best students.
- Shanghai huge migration hub.
- ☐ Stellar students stay in city.

- Taking Education very seriously
- Important Curricular Reforms
- □ Work Ethic "amazingly strong"
- ☐ Chinese History competitive exams.
- □ Value of Exams in Core Subjects
- □ Teacher Training Emphasis
- □ Teaching Preferred Occupation
- Teachers Salaries Have Risen
- Educators Freedom to Experiment
- Students Able to Extrapolate & Apply
- □ More time spent on studying
- School hours long every day
- Work extends into weekends
- Less time on extracurricular activities like music, athletics.



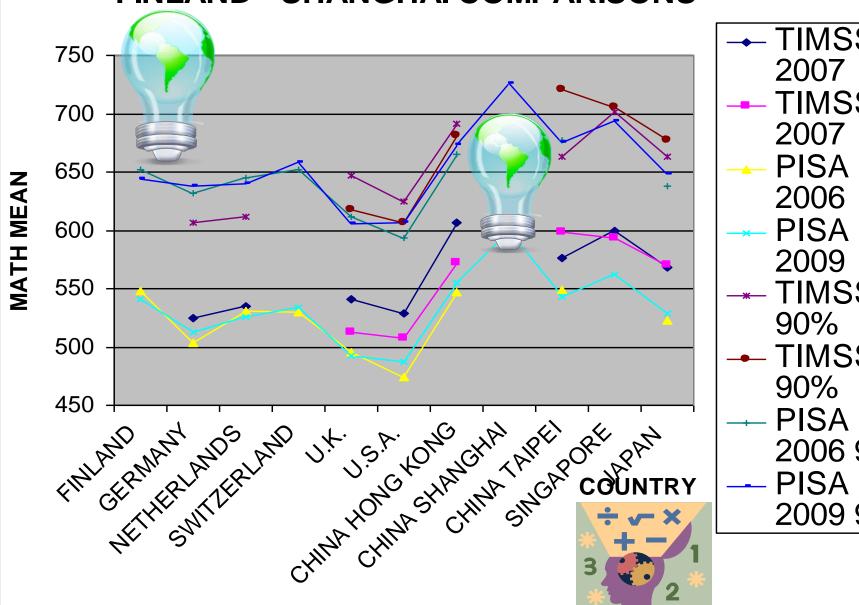
# **FINLAND** Phenomenon

(Takayama 2010)

- High Quality TeacherEducation Programs
- High Social Status of Teachers
- High Certification Requirements
- Extensive LibrarySystem
- High Cultural Value on Reading
- Start School at Age 7

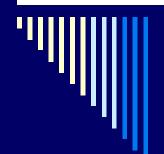
- Systematic Effort to Avoid leaving any children behind
- □ Egalitarian principles & measures
- Elimination of Ability Grouping
- Free Provision of Education
- Constructivist Pedagogical Approach aligns with PISA curricular logic
- Local Control over Curriculum & Administration.
- Less is More Core Standards

#### FINLAND - SHANGHAI COMPARISONS



- TIMSS 4
- TIMSS 8

- TIMSS 4
- TIMSS 8
- 2006 90%
- 2009 90%



# PISA 2009 Survey

PISA 2009 – READING Focus PISA 2012 – MATH FOCUS



### OVERCOMING SOCIAL BACKGROUND

- Socio-economicBackground
- Can Disadvantaged student defy odds?
- Single-Parent Family
- ImmigrantBackground
- Where Student Lives
- Equitable School

Resources

(OECD 2010)

#### LEARNING TO LEARN

- Enjoyment of Reading
- Kinds of Reading
- Reading HabitBy Gender
- □ LearningStrategies that help students perform better

# WHAT MAKES A SCHOOL SUCCESSFUL?

- □ Selecting & Grouping Students
- ☐ How systems select and group students
- □ Effect of School Governance
- □ School Governance in Different Countries
- Allocation of Educational Resources
- Performance in more disciplined schools.
- □ Learning Climate



# **U.S. COMMON CORE STANDARD**

* *	DEVEL	OPMENT	(Carmichael, et al 2009) (Ravitch 2009)		
	Common Core	NAEP National Assessment of Educational Progress	TIMSS	PISA	
Content	5	5	6	4	
& Rigor 0 - 7	10 Content Areas Simple, clearly understood	Excessive Number of Standards (300) All equal status.	Measurable, very little jargon. Covers all content	Problem Solving. Does not cover grade level content.	
Clarity &	3	1	3	0	
Specificity 0 - 3	Not explicit enough. Do not set priorities. All equal status.	Unnecessary verbiage, poor focus No clear guidance on importance.	Clear, coherent, well organized. Little ambiguity.	Unbalanced, overemphasis on data display. Poor in standards use.	
GRADE	8 B	6 C	9 A	4 D	



# **COMPARING TIMSS & PISA**

Results not always consistent.

(Wu, 2009)

Identify factors contributing to discrepancies in results.

Differing Aims & Difference in Survey Designs.

PREDICTORS: Years of Schooling & Content Balance of 2

Tests - 2 Factors = 93% of Variation

Two Rankings can be reconciled to reasonable degree of accuracy.

#### TIMSS 4 & TIMSS 8

- Aim to improve teaching and learning of mathematics
- Provide data about achievement in relation to different types of curricula, instructional practices, school environments.
- ☐ GRADE-BASED better aligned in years of schooling.
- □ Different ages due to when students started school.
- MATH CONTENT close to school

#### PISA – Age 15

- □ Aim to assess how well 15-yearolds are prepared for life's challenges. – More application.
- ☐ Ability to use knowledge and skills to meet real-life challenges rather than specific school curriculum.
- □ AGE-BASED Similar in Age
- ☐ Can be in different grades due to when students started school.
- CONTENT BALANCE differs from TIMSS ( Particularly Algebra, Data)



# RECOMMENDATIONS Comparing TIMSS & PISA



- Look beyond simple ranks of countries.
- Examine performances by sub-domains in context of population being tested.
- Realize how test content & population definition have significant impact on results.
- Trends over test cycles Check whether curriculum contents have shifted.
- ☐ If math topic is not emphasized in curriculum, not likely students will perform as well as if emphasized.

- ☐ Test that is inclusive of wide range of content domains and items is more likely to product stable and reliable results.
- Matrix sampling design of items in PISA & TIMSS allows inclusion of items from different content domains.
- ☐ Student achievements closely related to what students are actually taught.
- Students with more years of schooling do better.
- Designers need to pay close attention to sub-content weights and population definition.
- □ Test results can be useful and relevant in review of curriculum and pedagogy

(Wu 2009)



# Interpreting International Comparisons Some Essential "Cautions" (Koretz, 2009)

- Comparisons with a "slippery international average" are nearly meaningless.
- Compare with performance of other countries that provide an informative contrast (Sample)
- International assessments measure very broad domains of achievement using a relatively small number of test items to estimate mastery of domain.
- Rankings could be modified by changing emphasis on content.

- Inconsistencies Do Exist No reason to put international comparisons aside.
   Be careful in interpreting results.
- Ignore small differences even when they are statistically significant.
- □ Finding in more than one assessment more confidence result is not due to test.
- Performance of students at end of high school is difficult to compare portion of cohort leaving school early varies.



# PISA UNDER EXAMINATION

Changing Knowledge, Changing Tests, & Changing Schools Pereya, Kothoff, Cowen (Eds.) 2011

# THE CONTEXT FOR INTERPRETING PISA RESULTS IN THE USA

Negativism, Chauvinism, Misunderstanding, and the Potential to Distort the Educational Systems of Nations

Test skills are necessary but not sufficient to predict 21<sup>st</sup> Century success either for individuals or nations.

- Interpretive Context
- Receptive Environment
- Test Result Fear
- Not Reported Talent
- **□Social Class**
- Rest of Curriculum
- What Curricula do Americans Want?

**Nov. 2009 CESE Conference** 



# CELEBRATE Sub-groups!!



- There are a number of VARIABLES that can be used in analysis of International Test Scores
- Most comparisons of international test scores relate to AVERAGE scores of the country's test sample. Analysis of Subgroups provides excellent data relating to ADVANCED achievement.
- GENDER comparisons can provide support for policy and equal opportunity for advanced curriculum for males and females.
- □ PISA PROFICIENCY LEVELS 5-6 are useful guides in development of curriculum for advanced students.
- □ 90+ PERCENTILE Important data for analyzing achievement of top 10%.

- CONTENT DOMAIN sub-scores support CONTENT BALANCE as significant variable related to high achievement in Mathematics.
- COGNITIVE DOMAIN Sub-Scores provide valuable data related to higher order REASONING.
- ADVANCED INTERNATIONAL BENCHMARKS are an excellent resource for curriculum development for high ability.
- PRE- PRIMARY EDUCATION are variables related to achievement that support early advanced opportunities
  - "Shadow Education" provides 67 undocumented additional instruction.



### I.N.S.T.E.A.D. International

International Network Supporting Transnational Education & Advanced Development

# Kathleen Stone, Ph.D.

International Researcher

#### L Learning

- Integrates
- **G** Genuine
- **H** Harmony
- **T** To
- **B** Build
- U Understanding
- L Love &
- **B** Belonging

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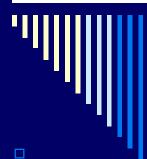
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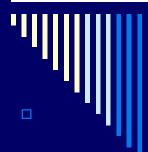
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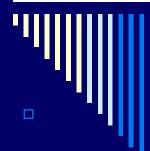
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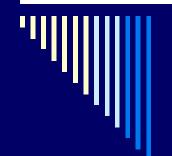
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#### ADDITIONAL **SLIDES WITH** REFERENCE **DATA AVAILABLE** on INSTEAD International Web-site

www.insteadinternational.com

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RANK	COUNTRY	TOTAL	RANK	COUNTRY	TOTAL	NOTE
1	China Shanghai	600	16	Germany	513	G8
2	Singapore	562	22	France	497	G8
3	China Hong K	555	28	England/UK	492	G8
4	Korea Rep of	546	31 T	U.S.A.	487	G8
5	China Taipei	543	31 T	Ireland	487	PIIGS
6	Finland	541	31 T	Portugal	487	PIIGS
7	Liechtenstein	536	34 T	Italy	483	G8/PIIGS
8	Switzerland	534	34 T	Spain	483	PIIGS
9	Japan	<b>529</b>	38	Russian Fed.	468	G8
10	Canada	527	39	Greece	466	PIIGS

# PISA 2009 — SCIENCE TOP 10 OTHER

RANK	COUNTRY	TOTAL	RANK	COUNTRY	TOTAL	NOTE
1	China Shanghai	575	11	Netherlands	522	Small Area
2	Finland	554	12 T	China Taipei	520 T	East Asia
3 T	China Hong K	542 T	12 T	Germany	520 T	G8
3 T	Singapore	542 T	12 T	Liechtenstein	520 T	Small Area
5	Japan	539	15	Switzerland	517	Small Area
6	Korea Rep. of	538	16	England/UK	514	G8
7	New Zealand	532	17	Slovenia	512	E. Europe
8	Canada	529	19 T	Ireland	508 T	P.I.I.G.S.
9	Estonia	528	19 T	Poland	508 T	E. Europe
10	Australia	527	23	U.S.A.	502	G8 <sub>75G8</sub>



RANK	COUNTRY	TOTAL	RANK	COUNTRY	TOTAL	NOTE
1	China Shanghai	556	11	Belgium	506	Benelux
2	Korea Rep. of	539	12	Norway	503	Scandinavia
3	Finland	536	13 T	Estonia	501 T	E. Europe
4	<b>China Hong Kong</b>	533	13 T	Switzerland	501 T	3 Languages
5	Singapore	526	15 T	Iceland	500 T	Scandinavia
6	Canada	524	15 T	Poland	500 T	E. Europe
7	New Zealand	521	15 T	U.S.A.	500 T	G8
8	Japan	520	19 T	Germany	497 T	G8
9	Australia	515	19 T	Sweden	497 T	Scandinavia
10	Netherlands	508	23 T	China Taipei	495	East Asia

# TIMSS 2011 – MATH Gr. 8 TOP 10 OTHER

RANK	COUNTRY	TOTAL	RANK	COUNTRY	TOTAL	NOTE
1	Korea Rep. of	613	11 T	Australia	505	English
2	Singapore	611	11 T	Slovenia	505	E. Europe
3	China Taipei	609	11 T	Hungary	505	E. Europe
4	China Hong K	586	14	Lithuania	502	E. Europe
5	Japan	570	15	Italy	498	G8 P.I.I.G.S.
6	Russian Fed.	539	16	New Zealand	488	English
7	Israel	516	17	Kazakhstan	487	E. Europe
8	Finland	514	18	Sweden 484 S		Scandinavia
9	U.S.A.	509	19	Ukraine	479	E. Europe
10	England/UK	507	20	Norway	475	Scandinavia

### TIMSS 2011 – SCIENCE Gr. 8 TOP 10 OTHER

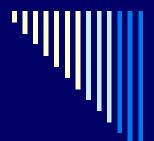
RANK	COUNTRY	TOTAL	RANK	COUNTRY	TOTAL	NOTE
1	Singapore	590	11	Hungary	522	E. Europe
2	China Taipei	564	12	Australia	519	English
3	Korea Rep. of	560	13	Israel	516	Middle East
4	Japan	558	14	Lithuania	514	E. Europe
5	Finland	552	15	New Zealand	512	English
6	Slovenia	543	16	Sweden	509	Scandinavia
7	Russian Fed.	542	17 T	Italy	501 T	P.I.I.G.S.
8	China Hong K	535	17 T	Ukraine	501 T	E. Europe
9	England/UK	533	19	Norway	494	Scandinavia
10	U.S.A.	525	20	Kazakhstan	490	E. Europe <sub>8</sub>

# TIMSS 2011 – MATH Gr. 4 TOP 10 OTHER

RANK	COUNTRY	TOTAL	RANK	COUNTRY	TOTAL	NOTE
1	Singapore	606	11	U.S.A.	541	11 <sup>th</sup> in 2007
2	Korea Rep.	605	12	Netherlands	540	9 <sup>th</sup> in 2007
3	China H. Kong	602	13	Denmark	537	Scandinavi a
4	China Taipei	591	1	Lithuania	534	E. Europe
5	Japan	585	15	Portugal	532	P.I.I.G.S.
6	Northern Ireland	562	16	Germany	528	G8
7	Belgium (Flem.)	549	17	Ireland	527	English
8	Finland	545	18 T	Australia	516 T	English
9 T	England/UK	542 T	18 T	Serbia	516 T	E. Europe
9 T	Russian Fed.	542 T	20	Hungary	515	E. Europe

## TIMSS 2011 – SCIENCE Gr. 4 TOP 10 OTHER

RANK	COUNTRY	TOTAL	RANK	COUNTRY	TOTAL	NOTE
1	Korea Rep. of	587	11	Sweden	533	Near Top 10
2	Singapore	583	12	Slovak Rep.	532 T	Near Top 10
3	Finland	570	13 T	Austria	532 T	Near Top 10
4	Japan	559	13 T	Netherlands	531	Near Top 10
5 T	China Taipei	552 T	15	England/UK	529	G8
5 T	Russian Fed.	552 T	16 T	Germany	528 T	G8
7	U.S.A.	544	16 T	Denmark	528 T	
8	Czech Republic	536	18	Italy	524	G8 P.I.I.G.S.
9	China Hong K.	535	19	Portugal	522	P.I.I.G.S.
10	Hungary	534	20	Slovenia	520	80



## PIRLS 2011 – READING Gr. 4 TOP 10 OTHER

RANK	COUNTRY	TOTAL	RANK	COUNTRY	TOTAL	NOTE
1	China Hong Kong	571	10 T	Ireland	552 T	P.I.I.G.S.
2 T	Finland	568 T	12	Canada	548	G8
2 T	Russian Fed.	568 T	13	Netherlands	546	Benelux
4	Singapore	567	14	Czech Rep.	545	E. Europe
5	Northern Ireland	558	15	Sweden	542	Scandinavia
6	U.S.A.	556	16 T	Germany	541 T	G8
7	Denmark	554	16 T	Israel	541 T	Middle East
8 T	China Taipei	553 T	16 T	Italy	541 T	P.I.I.G.S.
8 T	Croatia	553 T	16 T	Portugal	541 T	P.I.I.G.S.
10 T	England/UK	552 T	20	Hungary	539	E. Europe



# TEST OVERVIEW TOP 10 MATH

Rank	PISA 2009	SCORE	TIMSS 8 2011	Score	TIMSS 4 2011	Score
1	China Shanghai	600	Korea Rep. of	613	Singapore	606
2	Singapore	562	Singapore	611	Korea Rep. of	605
3	China Hong Kong	555	China Taipei	609	China Hong K.	602
4	Korea Republic of	546	China Hong K	586	China Taipei	591
5	China Taipei	543	Japan	570	Japan	585
6	Finland	541	Russian Fed.	539	Northern Ireland	562
7	Liechtenstein	536	Israel	516	Belgium (Flem)	549
8	Switzerland	534	Finland	514	Finland	545
9	Japan	529	U.S.A.	509	9T England/UK	542
10	Canada	527	England/UK	507	9T Russian Fed	542

# TEST OVERVIEW TOP 10 SCIENCE

RANK	PISA 2009	Score	TIMSS 8 2011	Score	TIMSS 4 2011	Score
1	China Shanghai	575	Singapore	590	Korea Rep.	587
2	Finland	554	China Taipei	564	Singapore	583
3 T	China Hong K	542 T	Korea Rep.	orea Rep. 560 Finland		570
3 T	Singapore	542 T	Japan	558	Japan	559
5	Japan	539	Finland	552	China Taipei	552
6	Korea Rep. of	538	Slovenia	543	Russian Fed.	552
7	New Zealand	532	Russian Fed	542	U.S.A.	544
8	Canada	529	China Hong K	535	Czech Rep.	536
9	Estonia	528	England/UK	533	China Hong K	535
10	Australia	527	U.S.A.	525	Hungary	534



Singapore

Korea Rep. of

China Hong K.

Northern Ireland

Belgium (Flem)

9T England/UK

9T Russian Fed

China Taipei

Japan

**Finland** 

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

## Grade 4 Comparison

587

583

570

**559** 

552

552

544

536

535

534

China Hong Kong

**Finland** 

Russian Fed.

Northern Ireland

Singapore

U.S.A.

Denmark

Croatia

China Taipei

England & Ireland

Score

571

568 T

568 T

567

558

556

554

553 T

553 T

552 T

•	''''''''''		– A Uniqu	•	
Rank	TIMSS 4 MATH	Score	TIMSS 4 SCIENCE	Score	PIRLS 4 READING

Korea Rep.

Singapore

China Taipei

Russian Fed.

Czech Republic

China Hong K

Finland

Japan

U.S.A.

Hungary

606

605

602

**591** 

585

562

549

545

542

542



# TEST OVERVIEW TOP 10 READING

RANK	PISA 2009	Score	RANK	PIRLS 4 2011	Score
1	China Shanghai	556	1	China Hong Kong	571
2	Korea Rep. of	539	2 T	Finland	568 T
3	Finland	536	2 T	Russian Fed.	568 T
4	China Hong Kong	533	4	Singapore	567
5	Singapore	526	5	Northern Ireland	558
6	Canada	524	6	U.S.A.	556
7	New Zealand	521	7	Denmark	554
8	Japan	520	8 T	China Taipei	553 T
9	Australia	515	8 T	Croatia	553 T
- 10	Netherlands	508	10 T	England & Ireland	552 T



#### Sample Transnational Study...

#### TIMSS 2011 - MATH - GR. 4

GR. 4	U.S.	ENG- LAND	FIN- LAND	GER- MANY	ITALY	SPAIN	CHINA H.K.	CHINA TAIPEI	JAPAN	KOREA	SING- APORE
TOT MEAN 2011	541	542	545	528	508	482	602	591	585	605	606
RANK 2011	11	9	8	6	23	32	3	4	5	2	1
TOT MEAN 2007	529	541		525	507		607	576	568		599
RANK 2007	11	7		12	16		1	3	4		2
TOT MEAN 2003	518	531			503		575	564	565		594
TOT MEAN 1995	518	484					557		567	581	<b>590</b>

#### TIMSS 2011 - MATH - GR. 8

		ENG-	FIN-	GER-			CHINA	CHINA			SING-
GR. 4	U.S.	LAND	LAND	MANY	ITALY	SPAIN	H.K.	TAIPEI	JAPAN	<b>KOREA</b>	APORE
TOT MEAN 2011	509	507	514		498		586	609	570	613	611
RANK 2011	9	10	8		15		4	3	5	1	2
TOT MEAN 2007	508	513			480		572	598	570	597	593
2007	9	7			19		4	1	5	2	3
	<b>9</b> 504	<b>7</b> 498			<b>19</b> 484		<b>4 586</b>	<b>1</b> 585	<b>5 570</b>		<b>3</b> 605
2007 TOT MEAN			520							589	

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#### PISA 2009 – MATH - Age 15

Age 15	U.S.	ENG- LAND	FIN- LAND	GER- MANY	ITALY	SPAIN	CHINA H.K.	CHINA TAIPEI	JAPAN	KOREA	SING- APORE
TOT MEAN 2009	487	492	541	513	483	483	555	543	529	546	562
RANK 2009	31	28	6	16	34	34	3	5	9	4	2
TOT MEAN 2006	474	495	548	504	462	480	547	549	523	547	
RANK 2006	35	23	2	19	38	32	3	1	10	3	
TOT MEAN 2003	483		544	503	466	485			534	542	
RANK 2003	24		1	16	25	23			4	2	88



## TIMSS - Grades 4 & 8 MATH International Benchmarks %

GRADE 4	U.S.	ENG- LAND	FIN- LAND	GER- MANY	ITALY	SPAIN	CHINA H.K.	CHINA TAIPEI	JAPAN	KOREA	SING- APORE
ADVANCED 625	13	18	12	5	5	1	37	34	30	39	43
HIGH 550	47	49	49	37	28	17	80	74	70	80	78
INTERMEDIATE 475	81	78	85	81	69	56	96	93	93	97	94
LOW 400	96	93	98	97	93	87	99	99	99	100	99
GRADE 8	U.S.	ENG- LAND	FIN- LND	GER- MANY	ITALY	SPAIN	CHINA H.K.	CHINA TAIPEI	JAPAN	KOREA	SING- APORE
ADVANCED 625	7	8	4		3		34	49	27	47	48
HIGH 550	30	32	30		24		71	73	61	77	78
INTERMEDIATE 475	68	65	73		64		89	88	87	93	92
LOW 400	92	88	96		90		97	96	97	99	8 <b>99</b>



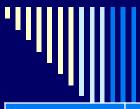
### TIMSS – MATH – GR. 4 Score At PERCENTILE

Percent - ile	U.S.	ENG- LAND	FIN- LAND	GER- MANY	ITALY	SPAIN	CHINA H.K.	CHINA TAIPEI	JAPAN	KOREA	SING- APORE
95	660	677	654	626	622	593	702	704	700	714	723
90	635	652	631	606	598	572	681	681	675	691	701
75	593	605	592	570	557	532	645	642	635	651	661
50	544	549	549	530	510	486	606	596	588	607	612
25	492	483	501	488	461	435	563	546	540	561	559
10	440	423	456	446	414	388	519	495	492	517	502
5	410	385	430	420	386	362	488	459	460	489	464



### TIMSS – MATH – GR. 8 Score At PERCENTILE

Percent - ile	U.S.	ENG- LAND	FIN- LAND	GER- MANY	ITALY	SPAIN	CHINA H.K.	CHINA TAIPEI	JAPAN	KOREA	SING- APORE
95	635	640	617		615		706	765	701	<b>750</b>	734
90	607	616	596		590		684	734	674	724	713
75	562	567	559		549		644	683	630	676	672
50	511	510	516		502		595	623	574	619	620
25	457	448	470		450		537	543	515	555	559
10	409	393	430		400		470	459	458	492	494
5	381	361	405		372		428	413	425	455	453



#### TIMSS MATH - CONTENT DOMAIN

GR. 4	U.S.	ENG- LAND	FIN- LAND	GER- MANY	ITALY	SPAIN	CHINA H.K.	CHINA TAIPEI	JAPAN	KOREA	SING- APORE
TOTAL	<b>541</b>	542	545	<b>528</b>	508	482	602	591	585	605	606
NUMBER 50%	543	539	545	520	510	487	604	599	584	606	619
GEO/MEAS. 35%	535	545	543	536	513	476	605	573	589	607	589
DATA DISPLAY 15%	545	549	551	546	495	479	593	600	590	603	588
GR. 8	11.6	ENG-	FIN-	GER-	ITAIV	CDAIN	CHINA	CHINA		KODEA	SING-
	U.S. <b>509</b>	<b>507</b>	<b>514</b>	MANY	<b>498</b>	SPAIN	H.K.	<b>609</b>	<b>570</b>	KOREA 612	APORE 611
TOTAL	303	307	<b>314</b>		450		586	609	3/0	613	OTT
NUMBER 30%	514	512	527		496		588	598	557	618	611
ALGEBRA 30%	512	489	492		491		583	628	570	617	614
GEOMETRY 20%	485	498	502		512		597	625	586	612	609
DATA/CHANCE 20%	527	543	542		499		581	584	579	616	607

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#### TIMSS MATH - CONTENT DOMAIN %

GR. 4	U.S.	ENG- LAND	FIN- LAND	GER- MANY	ITALY	SPAIN	CHINA H.K.	CHINA TAIPEI	JAPAN	KOREA	SING- APORE
TOTAL	60	60	60	57	52	45	74	71	70	74	74
NUMBER 50%	57	56	57	51	49	43	73	71	67	73	76
GEO/MEAS. 35%	59	62	59	59	53	44	74	65	68	72	70
DATA DISPLAY 15%	71	71	73	72	59	56	81	82	82	84	80
GR. 8		ENG-	FIN-	GER-			CHINA	CHINA			SING-
	U.S.	LAND	LAND	MANY	ITALY	SPAIN	H.K.	TAIPEI	<b>JAPAN</b>	KOREA	APORE
TOTAL	48	48	49		46		68	72	64	74	73
NUMBER 30%	53	53	56		49		72	72	63	77	77
ALGEBRA 30%	43	39	39		39		64	72	60	71	72
GEOMETRY 20%	41	45	45		48		69	73	67	71	71
DATA/CHANCE 20%	58	61	61		52		68	69	68	75	72



#### TIMSS MATH COGNITIVE Domain

GR. 4	U.S.	ENG- LAND	FIN- LAND	GER- MANY	ITALY	SPAIN	CHINA H.K.	CHINA TAIPEI	JAPAN	KOREA	SING- APORE
TOTAL MEAN	541	542	545	528	508	482	602	591	585	605	606
KNOWING 40%	556	552	548	524	510	482	619	599	590	614	629
APPLYING 40%	539	542	544	528	506	483	597	593	579	600	602
REASONING 20%	525	531	546	532	505	483	589	577	592	603	588
GR. 8	U.S.	ENG- LAND	FIN- LAND	GER- MANY	ITALY	SPAIN	CHINA H.K.		JAPAN	KOREA	SING- APORE
TOTAL MEAN	509	507	514		498		586	609	570	613	611
KNOWING 35%	519	501	508		494		591	611	558	616	617
APPLYING 40%	503	508	520		503		587	614	574	617	613
REASONING 25%	503	510	512		496		580	609	579	612	604



#### TIMSS MATH COGNITIVE DOMAIN %

GR. 4	U.S.	ENG- LAND	FIN- LAND	GER- MANY	ITALY	SPAIN	CHINA H.K.	CHINA TAIPEI	JAPAN	KOREA	SING- APORE
TOTAL MEAN	60	60	60	57	52	45	74	71	70	74	74
KNOWING 40%	67	66	63	60	58	50	80	75	74	79	81
APPLYING 40%	60	61	60	58	52	45	75	72	70	74	75
REASONING 20%	46	49	52	48	41	35	61	59	63	65	61
GR. 8	U.S.	ENG- LAND	FIN- LAND	GER- MANY	ITALY	SPAIN	CHINA H.K.	CHINA TAIPEI	JAPAN	KOREA	SING- APORE
TOTAL MEAN	48	48	49		46		68	72	64	74	73
KNOWING 35%	61	57	58		55		77	77	70	80	82
APPLYING 40%	46	48	50		45		67	72	64	73	73
REASONING 25%	35	37	37		34		56	63	56	65	<sup>95</sup> 62

### TIMSS 2011 - SCIENCE - GR. 4

GR. 4	U.S.	ENG- LAND	FIN- LAND	GER- MANY	ITALY	SPAIN	CHINA H.K.	CHINA TAIPEI	JAPAN	KOREA	SING- APORE
TOT MEAN 2011	544	529	570	528	524	505	535	552	559	587	583
RANK 2011	7	15	3	16	18	28	9	5	4	1	2
TOT MEAN 2007	539	542		528	535		554	557	548		587
RANK 2007	7	6		11	9		3	2	4		1
TOT MEAN 2003	536	540			516		542	551	543		565
TOT MEAN 1995	542	528					508		553	576	523

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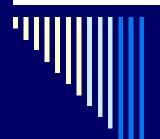
		ENG-	FIN-	GER-	17411/	CDAIN	CHINA	CHINA	14 04 41	KODEA	SING-
GR. 4	U.S.	LAND	LAND	MANY	ITALY	SPAIN	H.K.	TAIPEI	JAPAN	KOREA	APORE
TOT MEAN 2011	525	533	552		501		535	564	558	560	590
RANK 2011	10	9	5		17		8	2	4	3	1
TOT MEAN 2007	520	542			495		530	561	554	553	567
RANK 2007	9	5			14		8	2	3	4	1
TOT MEAN 2003	527	544			491		556	571	552	558	528
TOT MEAN 1999	515	538	535		493		530	569	550	549	568
TOT MEAN 1995	513	533					510		554	546	580



#### PISA 2009 – SCIENCE - Age 15

		ENG-	FIN-	GER-			CHINA	CHINA			SING-
<b>Age 15</b>	U.S.	LAND	LAND	MANY	ITALY	<b>SPAIN</b>	H.K.	TAIPEI	<b>JAPAN</b>	<b>KOREA</b>	<b>APORE</b>
TOT MEAN 2009	502	514	554	527	489	488	542	520	539	538	542
RANK 2009	23	16	2	10	35	36	3	12	5	6	3
TOT MEAN 2006	489	515	563	516	475	488	535	532	531	522	
RANK 2006	26	12	1	11	31	27	8	4	5	9	
TOT MEAN 2003	491		548	502	487	487	540		548	538	
TOT MEAN 2000	500	532	538	487	478	491			550	552	00

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#### PIRLS 2011 – READING – GR. 4

GR. 4	U.S.	ENG- LAND	FIN- LAND	GER- MANY	ITALY	SPAIN	CHINA H.K.	CHINA TAIPEI	JAPAN	KOREA	SING- APORE
TOT MEAN 2011	556	552	568	541T	541T	513	571	553			567
RANK 2011	6	10	2	16 T	16 T	30	1	8			4
TOT MEAN 2006	540	539		548	551	513	564	535			558
RANK 2006	12	13		8	6	22	2	16			4
TOT MEAN 2001	542	553		539	541		528				528



#### PISA MATH - Age 15 2009 Rank 1-20

Asia (7) – English Lang. (3) - W. Europe (8) - E. Europe (2) Rank 1-20: RANGE: TOT (501 - 600)

Rank	COUNTRY	ТОТ	90%	Differ -ence	Rank COUNTRY		тот	90%	Differ -ence
1	China-Shanghai	600	726	126	11	Netherlands	<b>526</b>	640	114
2	Singapore	562	693	131	12	China-Macao	525	634	109
3	China-Hong Kong	555	673	118	13	New Zealand	519	642	123
4	Korea, Republic	546	659	113	14	Belgium	515	646	131
5	China-Taipei	543	675	132	15	Australia	514	634	120
6	Finland	541	644	103	16	Germany G8	513	638	125
7	Liechtenstein	536	637	101	17	Estonia	512	616	104
8	Switzerland	534	658	124	18	Iceland	507	623	116
9	Japan G8	529	648	119	19	Denmark	<b>503</b>	614	111
10	Canada G8	527	638	111	20	Slovenia	501	628	127



#### **INTERNATIONAL TESTING COMPARISON DATA – PAGE 1 of 3**

(Stone 2012)

CONTINENT	COUNTRY	OECD/PART/TM	TIMSS GR 4 MATH 2007	RANK	TIMSS GR 8 MATH 2007	RANK	PISA MATH 2006	RANK	PISA MATH 2009	RANK	TIMSS 4 MATH 90%	RANK	TIMSS 8 MATH 90%	RANK	PISA MATH 2006 90%	RANK	PISA MATH 2009 90%	RANK
AS	China Shanghai	P							600	1							726	1
	Singapore	P	599	2	593	3			562	2	702	1	706	3			693	2
	China HongKong	P	607	1	572	4	547	3	555	3	691	2	681	4	665	2	673	4
AS	Korea, Rep.	О			597	2	547	3	546	4			711	2	664	3	659	5
AS	Chinese Taipei	P	576	3	598	1	549	1	543	5	663	3	721	1	677	1	675	3
	Finland	О					548	2	541	6					652	4	644	9
		P					525	8	536	7					643	9	637	14
WE	Switzerland	О					530	6	534	8			_		652	5	658	6
AS	Japan G8	O	568	4	570	5	523	10	529	9	663	3	677	5	638	11	648	7
NA	Canada G8	О					527	7	527	10			-		635	12	638	12
WE	Netherlands	О	535	9			531	5	526	11	612	14			645	7	640	11
AS	China Macao	P					525	8	525	12			_		632	14	634	15
	New Zealand	О	492	23			522	11	519	13	598	18			643	9	642	10
WE	Belgium	O					520	12	515	14					650	6	646	8
	Australia	О	516	14	496	14	520	12	514	15	620	11	600	12	633	13	634	15
WE	Germany G8	О	525	12			504	19	513	16	607	16			632	14	638	12
EE	Estonia	О					515	14	512	17					618	19	616	22
WE	Iceland	O					506	17	507	18					618	19	623	18
WE	Denmark	O	523	13			513	15	503	19	611	15			621	18	614	24
EE	Slovenia	О	502	19	501	12	504	19	501	20	589	22	594	15	623	17	628	17
	Norway	O	473	25	469	21	490	28	498	21	566	26	552	29	609	28	608	28
EE	Slovak Rep.	О	496	21			492	26	497	22	597	19			611	24	621	20
	France G8	O					495	23	497	22					617	21	622	19
WE	Austria	O	505	17			505	18	496	24	590	21			630	16	620	21
EE	Poland	О					495	23	495	25					610	26	609	27
WE	Sweden	O	503	18	491	15	502	21	494	26	586	23	582	21	617	21	613	25
EE	Czech Rep.	О	486	24	504	11	510	16	493	27	578	24	599	13	644	8	615	23
WE	U.K./England G8	O	541	7	513	7	495	23	492	28	647	6	618	7	612	23	606	31
EE	Hungary	О	510	15	517	6	491	27	490	29	620	11	624	6	609	28	608	28
	Luxembourg	O					490	28	489	30					610	26	613	25
NA	U.S.A. G8	Ο	529	11	508	9	474	35	487	31	625	9	607	10	593	32	607	30



#### **INTERNATIONAL TESTING COMPARISON DATA – PAGE 2 of 3**

(Stone 2012)

																	2012)	
CONTINENT	COUNTRY	OECD/PART/TM	TIMSS GR 4 MATH 2007	TIMSS GR 8	MATH 2007	RANK	PISA MATH 2006	RANK	PISA MATH 2009	RANK	TIMSS 4 MATH 90%	RANK	TIMSS 8 MATH 90%	RANK	PISA MATH 2006 90%	RANK	PISA MATH 2009 90%	RANK
WE	Portugal	0					466	37	487	31					611	24	605	32
WE	Ireland	Ο					501	22	487	31			_		608	30	591	35
	Italy G8	O	507 1	16 48	· 08	19	462	38	483	34	601	17	574	25	584	36	602	33
WE	Spain	0					480	32	483	34			_		593	32	597	34
EE	Latvia	P		8	0.0	1.0	486	30	482	36	628	8	000		590	35	584	37
EE	Lithuania	P				10	486	30	477	37	624	10	609	9	602	31	590	36
EE EE	Russian Fed. G8	P	544	<b>6</b> 5	12	8	476	33 39	468	38 39	647	6	617	8	592	34 38	576 580	41
EE	Greece Croatia	O P					459 467	36	466 460	39 40					575	38	574	40
ME	Dubai (UAE)	P				Į.	467	30	453	41							584	37
ME	Israel	0		4	63 2	24	442	40	453 447	41			584	20	581	37	581	39
EE	Turkey	0				31	424	43	445	43			581	22	550	40	574	42
EE	Serbia	P				18	435	41	442	43			587	17	553	39	560	44
EE	Azerbaijan	P					476	33	431	45							512	53
EE	Bulgaria	Р		4	64 2	23	413	46	428	46			586	19	543	41	555	45
EE	Romania	Р		4	61 2	27	415	45	427	47			587	17			530	48
LA	Uruguay	Р					427	42	427	47					•		546	46
LA	Chile	0					411	47	421	49							527	49
AS	Thailand	P		4	41 :	30	417	44	419	50			562	27	524	42	522	50
LA	Mexico	0							419	50							520	51
LA	Trinidad/Tobago	Р							414	52			_				546	46
EE	Kazakhstan	P	549	5					405	53	653	5					514	52
EE	Montenegro	Р					399	48	403	54							509	54
LA	Argentina	Р			07		381	51	388	<u>55</u>			550		400		509	54
ME	Jordan	P		4	27 :	32	384	50	387	56			556	28	489	43	490	59
LA	Brazil	Р	0.55	14	00	4.6	370	52	386	57 50	470	20	477	44	1		493	57
LA EE	Colombia	P	355 3	31 3	80 4	41	370	52	381 377	58 59	470	30	477	41			479 493	61 57
AF	Albania Tunisia	P	327 3	34 4	20 ;	33	365	54	377 371	59 60	469	31	508	36			493 471	62
AF AS	Indonesia	P	327 3			33 37	391	54 49	371 371	60 60	469	31	509	35			462	64
		Р	206 2			3 <i>1</i> 49	318	55	368	62	413	35	427	48			506	56
ME	Qatar	7	296 3	30	0/ 4	49	SIB	ວວ	308	02	413	၁၁	421	40			300	JO



#### **INTERNATIONAL TESTING COMPARISON DATA – PAGE 3 of 3**

(Stone 2012)

CONTINENT	COUNTRY	OECD/PART/TM	TIMSS GR 4 MATH 2007	RANK	TIMSS GR 8 MATH 2007	RANK	PISA MATH 2006	RANK	PISA MATH 2009	RANK	TIMSS 4 MATH	80% RANK	TIMSS 8 MATH 90%	RANK	PISA MATH 2006 90%	RANK	PISA MATH 2009 90%	RANK
LA	Peru	Р							365	63							480	60
LA	Panama	Р							360	64							466	
EE	Kyrgyzstan	Р					311	56	331	65							436	65
AF	Egypt	Т			391	39							521	33				
AF	Algeria	Т	378	30	387	40					493	<b>29</b>	465	42				
AF	Botswana	$\frac{\mathbf{T}}{\mathbf{T}}$			364	44							460	43				
AF	Ghana	$\frac{\mathbf{T}}{\mathbf{I}}$			309	48					400		428	47				
AF	Morocco	- 1	341	32	1-1						466	32						
AS	Malaysia	P	=00		474	20					0.45		578	23				
EE	Armenia	P	500	20	499	13					617	<sup>7</sup> 13	601	11				
EE	Malta	P	400	0.0	488	16					F70	25	597	14				
EE	Ukraine	P	469	26	462	25					573	<b>25</b>	572	26				
EE	Bosnia/Herzegov	T	420	20	456	28					E 40	. 27	552	29				
EE	Georgia C. Coloredor	T	438	28 33	410 340	34					549 448		532	32 45				
LA ME	El Salvador	T	330	33	465	46 22					440	33	433 575	24				
ME	Cyprus Lebanon	T			449	29							549	31				
ME	Iran, Islamic Rep	T	402	29	403	35					508	<b>28</b>	516	34				
ME	Bahrain	T	402	29	398	36					300	20	505	37				
ME	Syrian Arab Rep	T			395	38							502	38				
ME	Oman	T			372	42							492	40				
ME	Palestinian Natl.	T			367	43							498	39				
ME	Kuwait	T	316	35	354	45					443	34	455	44				
ME	Saudia Arabia	T			329	47							429	46				
ME	Yemen	T	224	37	323						371	36	120	75				
WE	U.K./Scotland	O	494	22	487	17					592		590	16				
V V L	on woodiana		10 7		101						002		000					